

# SOONERS WIN HARDEST GAME OF SCHEDULE

Kendall Wins Great Reputation by Holding University to 14-13 Score.

## AERIAL GAME OF OKLAHOMA FAILED

The Presbyterians Plunge Through Line and Make Successful Passes.

"The game today was one of the surprises of my life. Although I expected to meet a first team, I confidently believed that we would win by a good margin. There are some remarkable players on the Kendall team."—Benjamin Owen, Sooner coach.

THE University of Oklahoma football team, undefeated claimants of the 1916 championship in the southwest, kept its record clear by a single point victory over Henry Kendall college here today. The score was 14 to 13 and the university team was behind until within a few seconds of the end of the first half of what proved the hardest game of the season to the eleven which had defeated Texas, Missouri and Kansas.

The largest crowd in the history of Tulsa football saw the game. Estimates place the crowd at more than two thousand, and the wildly cheering, almost frantic, hundreds created a din that interfered in the hearing of signals.

From the time the whistle blew to start the game which the Sooners expected to easily win, until the whistle blew ending the game, the result was in doubt. Kendall showed better ability handling forward passes than did the Sooners. This is the reason the Sooners were unable to pile up a large score.

Twelve Sooner players were sent twisting through the air, mostly hurled by Captain Geyer. Eight of these landed safely in the hands of pass wearing the Oklahoma colors. Nine failed to land safely, and were either broken up by the Kendall players, or did not get in any of the Sooners' hands. Kendall players caught six passes tried by the Sooners.

Young and Grove of Kendall handled only twelve passes in the game, but they had better success than the Sooners. Six landed safely in waiting hands of the Presbyterians. Each pass was for a long gain, and when mostly successful, the Kendall college. Four passes were not completed, and two fell into the hands of Sooner players.

**Geyer Outpays.**

In punting, the Oklahoma captain, Geyer, bested Grove, Kendall's punter. He averaged 35 yards on the kick. This was due, however, to the fact that Kendall took a defensive position during the second quarter, and it was then that Grove punted against the south wind. Grove punted five times, for an average of 36 yards and a fraction. His kicks were for 36, 34, 25, 45 and 40 yards, respectively. Grove was forced to punt nine times, and he averaged 33 yards a kick. The length was as follows: 49, 30, 24, 32, 34, 27, 30, 35 and 45 yards.

Grove kicked off four times, the ball going 59, 58, 52 and 40 yards. The last two kicks were against the wind. Geyer's average was 42 yards, only one time he kicked. Capshaw tried the last time but the ball went just 30 yards.

**Stonewall Line.**

One of the biggest surprises of the day was the way the Kendall line held. The two tackle ends on the right side, and DeWeese on the left side, played a wonderful game against the strong Sooner line. Both of the men were called upon several times to carry the ball, and they gained almost every time. Leekley was badly injured early in the game, but he played the entire time.

More than once the Sooners carried the ball within ten yards of their own goal line with four downs in which to go over, but the Kendall line held like a stone wall, and gained the ball for their own team on downs. Young and Grove figured prominently in holding the ball, and they gained almost every time. Leekley was badly injured early in the game, but he played the entire time.

## KITCHENER ISN'T GOING TO RESIGN

LONDON, Nov. 6 (11:35 p. m.)—The following was officially issued tonight:  
"The statement that Earl Kitchener has resigned his post as secretary of state for war already has been authoritatively denied. It is equally untrue to suggest that Earl Kitchener has tendered his resignation or that his visit to the king had any relation to the eastern theater of war in any way betokens that such resignation is contemplated."

# Scenes at Christening of First Naval Militia Air Boat by the Little Daughter of New York's Governor



ABOVE—MISS OLIVE WHITMAN CHRISTENING 'NY N-1'. BELOW—GIVING HYDRO FIRST TRY OUT.

## Wild Rejoicing Greets Emperor Yoshihito on His State Entry to Kyoto for Crowning Wednesday

Magnificent Display of Life and Enthusiasm in Ancient Capital; Japanese and Foreign Dignitaries Are Guests of Honor During Period of Festivities.

KOTO, Japan, Nov. 6.—Amid plaudits and cheers Emperor Yoshihito made his state entry today into Kyoto, the ancient capital of the empire. Here on Wednesday next will be held the first great coronation ceremony.

The imperial train conveying the emperor and empress, and the whole court arrived here from Nagoya, where a night was spent. The city was beautifully decorated. Never before was witnessed such a magnificent display of enthusiasm and life in the ancient capital. The people of all classes saved to their joy and happiness at the state entry and return, though temporary, of the court, and the arrival of the occasion of the long-looked-for coronation ceremony. The grounds around the station compound and the streets along the route of the imperial procession were profusely decorated and were thronged with citizens eager to worship the imperial sanctuary and welcome the imperial cortege.

**Erected by Military.**

On the station platform were present a number of peers residing in Kyoto, high prefectural and municipal officials and military officers, representatives of various administrative and business corporations and prominent citizens who accorded hearty welcome to the imperial party.

The imperial sanctuary and the imperial cortege arrived at the station amid the impressive strains of the Kimigayo, or national anthem, and salutes fired by artillery in the neighboring park.

The sacred emblems of sovereignty were slowly borne on the shoulders of villagers. Then, with the emperor just behind and his suite directly after him, the procession proceeded to the imperial palace through streets lined by troops and people. The imperial sanctuary was taken to the Shunkoden hall especially erected as the site for the reception of the "sacred sanctuary" in the compound of the Kyoto palace. The route of the cortege led through a great green arch erected by the municipality.

**City Gives Presents.**

The repose of the imperial shrine consisting of the sacred mirror was celebrated with an impressive religious ceremony conducted by the court ritualists in the presence of the coronation commissioners. The ritualists made offerings before the altar, the chief ritualist reading Shinto prayers. Then followed the worship by the emperor and empress, who were represented in this case by chamberlains and also worship by the members of the imperial family.

In observance of the coronation the city of Kyoto presented the emperor with picture books containing the works of 38 contemporary artists, a cushion designed by Seika Kamishika, and a flower vase made at the Prefectural Ceramic Institute. The city also presented to the empress a gold lacquered box, two rolls of fine brocade with patterns of pine trees and a phoenix and five rolls of white silk damask with patterns of chrysanthemum flowers (the imperial crest) embroidered in deep blue.

On the day of the chief coronation

(Continued on Page Two.)

# NISH IS TAKEN BY BULGARIANS; TRAP GERMANS

Command Railways and Open Route to Constantinople and Sofia.

## IN SOUTH SERBIA INVADERS CHECKED

Russians Claim 8,500 Prisoners Result of Surprise Attack.

**BULLETIN.**

PETROGRAD, Nov. 6.—(Via London, Nov. 7.—2:26 a. m.)—The official communication issued tonight claims the capture by the Russians of 8,500 prisoners as the result of a surprise attack near the village of Sembovitze (Sembowice) on the Strpa river.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—(10:55 p. m.)—The Bulgarians have occupied Nish, the Serbian war capital, which gives them complete control of the railway from Belgrade, on the Danube, and thus opens a thorough route for the central powers to Sofia and Constantinople. In addition the Bulgarian and German main armies have effected a junction at Kraljevo, so that the campaign which has been somewhat slackened since expected, probably will move at a faster pace. In fact, except for the southern part of Serbia the invasion already is gathering more headway, and despite the Serbian resistance the invading armies have all made considerable progress.

In the south, however, the allied forces appear to be too strong for the Bulgarians who admit that they are faced by superior numbers. It is reported through the Serbian press at Athens that the British, French and Serbians have inflicted a severe defeat on the Bulgarians at Isvor, ten miles west of the Vardar river, where the French left wing joins the right of the Serbian, southern army and that the Bulgarians are retreating toward Vele.

**More Allies to Help.**

More allied troops are being sent from Saloniki to the scene of the fighting in the hope that they will be able by the capture of Vele to compel the Bulgarians who advanced west of Pskop to retire and clear a Saloniki-Mitrovia railway as a guarantee against the Serbian northern army.

All assistance that reaches the Serbians apparently must be sent by the French and French troops for the defeat of the Zaimov government and the triumph of Venizelos in the Greek chamber there is no evidence that Greece intends to change her policy.

It was reported today that M. Zaimov had undertaken to form a new cabinet but this lacks confirmation as dispatches from Athens are being much delayed.

There also is lack of news concerning the Russian expedition which was reported early in the week on the Romanian frontier, while Romania, like Greece, is maintaining her neutrality in the face of advances in the country for intervention. Russia, however, is preventing the Austro-Germans from dispatching any additional troops from her front to the Balkans. The Russian armies have successfully countered Field Marshal von Hindenburg's efforts to reach Biala from the west and are attacking both west and south of Delnsek and on the Strpa and Strpa rivers.

**Bandits Active.**

In the Drinsk sector the Russians are advancing a little westward but on the two southern rivers there is no change in the positions, the armies of neither side seemingly being able to make any progress, although they are launching heavy attacks.

In the western zone the Germans continue their attacks against the new French positions in Champagne but here, likewise little ground is changing hands.

There is evidence of renewed activity in Gallipoli and the impression prevails that another big attempt will be made to open the straits before German ammunition reaches the Turks.

## SECURITY LEAGUE MEETS WEDNESDAY

National Defense Program to Be Taken Up by the Local Members.

Plans for furthering their work in Tulsa will be discussed at a meeting of the local branch of the National Security League, to be held in the Chamber of Commerce rooms next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The call for the meeting was issued yesterday by Schuyler C. French, chairman of the executive committee.

An active campaign in behalf of a program for national defense will be launched at this meeting and a full attendance of the members and others interested is desired.

The local branch was organized a few days ago when a field agent of the league visited Tulsa and addressed a meeting of citizens at the Chamber of Commerce.

## SILVERWARE THEFT WAS ONLY A MYTH

Kendall "Robbers" Proved to Have Been Work of an Inebriated Husband.

It has been discovered that the story of silverware thefts reported to have been stolen from the house of E. J. Davidson, Eighth and Hudson, Kendall, a few days ago, was but a myth. The silverware has been traced to the home of Mrs. Davidson, who has been charged with the thefts.

Mrs. Davidson had planned a surprise party on her husband, the occasion being his birthday anniversary, and when she went to get the tableware the entire chest had been removed from its customary hiding place and could be located nowhere.

Without saying anything to his wife, Mr. Davidson had taken a short drive to a place of security, down town a few streets away, fearing that his home might be visited by some of the prowlers and thieves that have been preying on homes in Kendall for some time past.

For a moment Mrs. Davidson lost her head in a fit of rage, but she soon came to her senses and her surprise was indeed great when she told her what he had done with it.

The sheriff's office and police department were working on the case when Mrs. Davidson called the sheriff of the town and told them of the stealing of the silverware.

## VILLA ORDERED FOUR AMERICANS KILLED

After Nerve-Racking Experiences Party Arrives at Naco.

## NAIVE SAVES THEM

"Treat the Americans as They Treat Us," Bandit Leader Said.

NACAO, ARIZONA, Nov. 6.—Four Americans released at Villa Verde yesterday by General Villa after three months having been confined to death, stayed on American soil here today and narrated their experiences as voluntary Red Cross workers among Villa's wounded on the battlefield of Agua Prieta. The party consisted of Dr. R. H. Thompson, Dr. Chas. H. Miller and two chauffeurs, A. L. Wilson and J. D. Bryant. The two physicians took to their beds upon their arrival as a result of their experiences and an all-night tramp through the mountains.

General Villa flew into a rage, Don Thompson said, when he learned the Americans could not guarantee the possession of his wounded over American territory to Juarez.

"Treat the Americans as they treat us," he is quoted as having said to the four. "You are four people. Turn the artillery on Juarez and put these men in front of the infantry."

**Orders Them Killed.**

Intercession by Gen. Rafael Narva, coupled with fear of retaliation upon families of Villa and his subordinates in the United States was responsible for the safety of the Americans, Don Thompson said.

When a subordinate reported to Villa that Carranza troops had been permitted to cross American territory to aid General Alvarado in defending Agua Prieta, Villa again would vent his anger upon the Americans in a rage he heaped execrations upon their heads and finally ordered them killed.

Believing in the efficacy of prayer the four Americans knelt among the wounded on the battlefield while the rifles were waited.

"The Mexicans about us were impressed," said Don Thompson, "and the intervention was more of General Narva, who suggested the execution not be carried out until the families of Villa and his officers could be recalled from the United States, spared as they were."

**"Shoot You Myself."**

"I asked Villa if I might talk to him," said Thompson.

"If you say a word to me, I'll shoot you myself," he replied.

The four Americans were marched to Villa Verde, where for the third time they were condemned to be shot. General Narva, who followed them, urged intervention this time with Gen. Rodriguez, who had arrived from Naco. Shortly afterward they were released to make their way as best they could.

**Three Killed, Four Hurt in a Clash**

LAKE CHARLES, La., Nov. 6.—Three men are dead and four others are in St. Patrick's sanitarium here with injuries that may terminate fatally as the result of a collision, on a tram road six miles west of Longville this morning. The dead are C. E. Hart, section foreman; Walter P. C. Charles, St. Patrick's. The injured are Charles Perreault, Lem C. Charles, Winterton, H. N. Gidley. A dense fog was the direct cause of the accident. The victims were on a motor section car belonging to the Longville Lumber company, which ran into a logging train backing in the opposite direction.

Among the Want Ads.  
If you are in need of a good job, that requires your time and energy and carries a salary worth while, read the want ads today. Your opportunity may be there.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

# WOULD NOT LET 900 IRISHMEN SAIL FOR U. S.

Refuse to Fight, so Authorities Retaliate by Prohibiting Passage.

## 'COWARDS, TRAITORS,' HURLED AT HUNDREDS

However, 200 "Neutrals" Succeed in Getting Aboard at Glasgow.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 6.—(4:02 p. m.)—Nine hundred Irishmen who intended to sail for New York today on the Clarendon line steamship Saxonia, were prohibited by the steamship company from taking passage. The company declined to permit them to sail after there had been several serious encounters with street crowds, which took the view that able-bodied men should not be permitted to evade military service in this manner.

Two Irishmen were knocked down by women. Others were set upon and decorated with white feathers. Ignoring cries of "cowards," "traitors" and refusing to listen to the appeals of the recruiting sergeant, the Irishmen marched to dock. When they arrived there the Saxonia's firemen, witnessing the great encounter, and catching the spirit of the crowd, informed the steamship company that they would leave the ship if the Irishmen were permitted to sail.

**Five of Them Enlist.**

The company after a brief meeting called the firemen and refused permission to sail to all British of military age. It was stated in addition that the same course would be followed in future on all Canadian liners and that it was hoped other lines would follow the same procedure.

Five of the detained men appeared for enlistment.

Daily increasing crowds of youths of military age are besieging the passport department of the foreign office seeking permits which they hope will enable them to escape the conscription they anticipate and fear.

Most of them apparently have discovered relatives in America and elsewhere whom they are obliged to visit.

The rush has been so great since Lord Derby's recruiting scheme was promulgated that in the last three days more than three hundred applicants of military age have been put back while the authorities decided how to deal with the situation.

**Where Do They Get Money.**

The Saturday Review, referring to the crowds of Irish emigrants, declares a study of the matter shows that money comes from to pay the fares of these men, who are of the poorer classes, and the additional fee which they must have on landing.

**Two Hundred Get Away.**

GLASGOW, Nov. 6.—(3:50 p. m.)—About two hundred Irishmen, eligible for military service, sailed by the Anchor line steamer California for New York today. The most strenuous efforts of seven recruiting sergeants, who were authorized to promise a refund of their fares to those who enlisted, resulted in the enlistment of only two men.

The public was not allowed on the quay and there were no demonstrations.

## GYPSY CASE BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT

Taxes Amounting to \$853,000 Involved in Case Appealed by Tulsa County.

Special to The World.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Nov. 6.—A twenty million dollar assessment and taxes amounting to \$853,000 are involved in a case appealed to the supreme court today from Tulsa county. It is John T. Kuyper against the Gypsy Oil company, and it is contended that the Gypsy company, during the years from 1910 up to 1915, evaded assessment to the amount of more than twenty million dollars by not reporting capital stock or value of leases, but merely value of tangible property, such as rigs and oil.

The much fought-over issue of whether or not an oil or gas company must pay taxes on its lease or capital stock, as distinct from taxes on its tangible equipment, is now squarely before the supreme court by this appeal. The same points are involved in the case of the Prairie Oil & Gas Co., with the state board of equalization, but this has not yet reached the supreme court.

**Defunct Factory Sells.**

Special to The World.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Nov. 6.—The property of the McManis Iron Bed factory, which went into the hands of a receiver January 5 last, sold at a receiver's sale this afternoon for \$17,225. C. W. Dawley, representing the holders of \$50,000 worth of bonds, was the purchaser. It is announced that arrangements will be completed shortly for reopening the plant.